

INDIAN MARITIME UNIVERSITY

(A Central University, Government of India)

END SEMESTER EXAMINATION MAY/JUNE 2018

Programme: B.Sc (Nautical Science)

Semester: II

Subject Name: Applied Mathematics

Subject Code: UG21T3201

Date: 05.06.2018

Maximum Marks: 70

Duration: 3 hrs.

Pass Marks: 35

Note: Q.No.1 is compulsory.

Solve any SIX questions from remaining eight questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

Use of approved type Scientific Calculator is permitted.

Q.1 Attempt the following:

(10 Marks)

a) Evaluate $\operatorname{div} F$ and $\operatorname{curl} F$ at the point (1,2,3) for $F = x^2yzi + xy^2zj + xyz^2k$.

b) Solve $(y^2 e^{xy^2} + 4x^3)dx + (2xy e^{xy^2} - 3y^2)dy = 0$.

c) Solve $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} = xy$.

d) Show that $\Delta \log(f(x)) = \log\left\{1 + \frac{\Delta f(x)}{f(x)}\right\}$.

e) Find the Laplace transform of $t^2 e^{2t}$.

Q.2 a) Calculate the angle between the normals to the surface $xy = z^2$ at the points (4,1,2) and (3,3,-3).

(5 Marks)

b) If $A = (3x^2 + 6y)i - 14yzj + 20xz^2k$, evaluate $\int A \cdot dR$ from (0,0,0) to (1,1,1) along the path $x = t, y = t^2, z = t^3$.

(5 Marks)

Q.3 a) Solve $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{dy}{dx} = \cos x$.

(5 Marks)

b) Solve $x^2 \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2x \frac{dy}{dx} - 4y = x^4$.

(5 Marks)

Q.4 a) Solve the equation: $xp - yq = y^2 - x^2$.

(5 Marks)

b) Solve $pxy + pq + qy = yz$.

(5 Marks)

Q.5 a) Develop a recurrence formula for finding \sqrt{N} , using Newton Raphson method and hence compute to three decimal places $\sqrt{10}$. (5 Marks)

b) Find the number of men getting wages below Rs.15 from the following data:

Wages in Rs.	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40
frequency	9	30	35	42

(5 Marks)

Q.6 a) Evaluate $\int_0^{\infty} t e^{-2t} \sin 3t dt$ (5 Marks)

b) Using convolution theorem evaluate $L^{-1} \left[\frac{s^2}{(s^2+a^2)(s^2+b^2)} \right]$. (5 Marks)

Q.7 a) Evaluate $\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1+x}$ applying Simpson's 3/8th rule. (5 Marks)

b) Evaluate $\int_C [(x^2 + xy)dx + (x^2 + y^2)dy]$, where C is the square formed by the lines $x = \pm 1, y = \pm 1$. (5 Marks)

Q.8 a) Solve the following equations by Gauss elimination method:

$$x + y + z = 9, 2x - 3y + 4z = 13, 3x + 4y + 5z = 40. \quad (5 \text{ Marks})$$

b) Solve by the method of variation of parameters $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + a^2y = \operatorname{cosec} ax$. (5 Marks)

Q.9 a) Solve $\frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^3} - 4 \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x^2 \partial y} + 4 \frac{\partial^3 z}{\partial x \partial y^2} = 2 \sin(3x + 2y)$. (5 Marks)

b) Solve the following equation by transform method:

$$y'' + y = t \quad \text{given } y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 0. \quad (5 \text{ Marks})$$
