

INDIAN MARITIME UNIVERSITY
(A Central University, Government of India)
END SEMESTER EXAMINATION Dec 2019
B.Sc (Nautical Science)
Semester: V
Celestial Navigation Paper-II (UG21T3503)

Date: 13-12-2019

Maximum Marks: **70**

Time: **3 hrs**

Pass Marks: **35**

Note-Question no-1 is compulsory.

Answer any six out of the remaining eight questions.

Use of Norries Nautical Table, Nautical Almanac and Non-Programmable Scientific Calculator is permitted. Graph sheet may be provided by the Examination Centre.

- Q.1 Define the following terms **(5 x2 = 10 marks)**
- (a) Mean Sun
 - (b) Sidereal Day
 - (c) Theoretical Sunrise
 - (d) Steller Magnitude
 - (e) Twilight
- Q2. (a) Using Nautical Almanac 2008, find out the following details with respect to star Bellatrix Approximate SHA (round off to nearest degree); Approximate Declination (round off to nearest degree); Allotted Number; Stellar Magnitude; Constellation of star. **(5 marks)**
- (b) Compare Relative Brightness of star A (Antares 0.2) Star B (Sirius -1.6). **(5 marks)**
- Q3. Explain with suitable diagram the system of zone time in respect of advancing & retarding Clocks including advancing & retarding of day, for time keeping at sea on board ship. **(10 marks)**
- Q4. (a) State the difference between Amplitude & Azimuth with suitable diagram. **(5 marks)**
- (b) Derive the formula $\text{Sin}(\text{Amplitude}) = \text{Sin}(\text{Declination}) \times \text{Sec}(\text{Latitude})$ **(5 marks)**
- Q5. On March 05, 2008 on ship DR position $32^{\circ} 12' \text{N } 178^{\circ} 16' \text{E}$ the sun rose bearing $100^{\circ} (\text{C})$. If the variation was 3°E , find the deviation of the compass. **(10 marks)**
- Q6. On 30th Apr 2008, GMT 17H 30M 30S in DR Long 150°E , the observed altitude of Polaris Was $50^{\circ} 46.8'$ bearing $005^{\circ} (\text{C})$ and HE 14m, variation 1°E . Find the deviation of compass, he direction of the LOP & a position through which to draw it. **(10 marks)**

Q.7. On 22nd Sept 2008 PM at ship in DR $48^{\circ} 20' N$ $085^{\circ} 40' E$ the sextant altitude of the Sun UL Was $20^{\circ} 14.8'$ when GMT showed 22nd 10H 09M 38S. If IE was 2.2' ON the arc & HE was 25M, find the direction of position line & a position through which it passes BY Intercept method.

(10 marks)

Q8. At 0600 in DR $010^{\circ} 20' N$ $179^{\circ} 52' W$ a stellar observation gave an observation gave an observed Longitude $179^{\circ} 54' E$ bearing 062° (T). Vessel then steamed 131° (T) at 14 kts. At 1600 hrs using Latitude $00^{\circ} 11.8' S$ Sun gave an observed Longitude $178^{\circ} 12.7' W$ bearing 323° (T). Find the position of the vessel at 1600 hrs.

(10 marks)

Q.9. (a) Explain circumpolar bodies. State the condition for celestial body to be circumpolar.

(5 marks)

(b) A Star when on the meridian above the pole, bore North with a true altitude of $70^{\circ} 04'$, And when on meridian below the pole, bore North with true altitude $22^{\circ} 05'$. Find the observer's latitude and the star's declination.

(5 marks)
